Name _	Class Number Class Period
	Energy Changes Demo
	Class Demonstrations
	Objective:
enero physio release o	rstand the difference between exothermic and endothermic reactions; identify the kinds of gy (i.e. heat, light, sound) given off or taken in when a substance undergoes a chemical or cal change. All chemical reactions are accompanied by a change in energy. Some reactions energy to their surroundings (usually in the form of heat) and are called EXOTHERMIC. Some tions need to absorb heat from their surroundings to proceed. These reactions are called ENDOTHERMIC.
Remei	mber: Exothermic = Energy Exits (Ex. Sodium and chlorine react so violently that flames are seen and given off heat = exothermic)
Reme	mber this is eNdothermic = Energy IN (Ex. Cold Packs = Aluminum Chloride and Urea mix together and react using surrounding heat).
	What is the difference between an endethermic and an everhermic reaction?
_	What is the difference between an endothermic and an exothermic reaction?
_ _ _	what is the difference between an endothermic and an exothermic reaction?
_ _ _	Watch the following demonstrations and answer the questions about each one.
Lo	
Lo P	Watch the following demonstrations and answer the questions about each one. IAGNESIUM METAL: pok at the strip of metal your teacher is bringing around the room; write down at least three HYSICAL properties you observe. DO NOT STARE DIRECTLY AT THE BURNING METAL!
Lo P —	Watch the following demonstrations and answer the questions about each one. IAGNESIUM METAL: book at the strip of metal your teacher is bringing around the room; write down at least three HYSICAL properties you observe. DO NOT STARE DIRECTLY AT THE BURNING METAL! What evidence indicates a chemical change has taken place?
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2.	BALLOON: Look at the balloon and observe what happens. Describe the type of change that took place as well as the type of energy that was released. a. Change Type (chemical or physical): b. Type(s) of energy released:
3.	THE MAGIC WAND: This demonstration could be DANGEROUS so stay seated at a safe distance! a. Change Type (chemical or physical): b. Type(s) of energy released: c. Exothermic or Endothermic:
4.	DRY ICE: a. Observe the ice, what type of change is taking place? b. How can you tell? c. This is what type of phase change? d. Is this an endothermic or exothermic reaction? e. Listen as your teacher touches the ice to metal. What Happens? f. Why does this occur?
5.	THE WORM: a. Change Type (chemical or physical): b. Type(s) of energy released: c. Exothermic of Endothermic:
6.	SODIUM METAL: We will have to go outside for this demonstration. Be sure to keep your distance and stand where you are instructed! a. Change Type (chemical or physical): b. Type(s) of energy released: c. Exothermic of Endothermic: